ZT-2550/ZT-2551

Quick Start Guide

1 What's in the shipping package?

The package includes the following items:

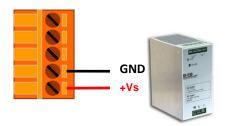


If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact the local distributor for more information. Save the shipping materials and cartons in case you want to ship the module in the future.

2 Preparing the device

Install the ZT Configuration Utility (v1.0.0 or later),
CD: \Napdos\ZigBee\ZT_Series\Utility
http://ftp.icpdas.com/pub/cd/usbcd/napdos/zigbee/zt_series/utility

{2.} Power Supply: $+10 \sim +30 \text{ V}{DC}$



$oldsymbol{3}$ Introduction of configurations

Overview of the ZT-255x Configurations Options/Parameters

1. "Pan ID" is the group identity of a ZigBee network, and must be the same if they are in the same ZigBee network.

(Valid values range from 0x0000 to 0x3FFF)

2. "Node ID" is the identity of the ZigBee module.

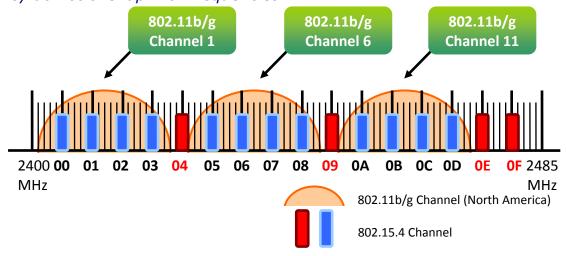
The identity number must be unique if it is in the same ZigBee network as other ZigBee module. (Valid values range from 0x0001 to 0xFFF7 for a ZigBee Router, but is fixed to 0x0000 for a ZigBee Coordinator)

3. "RF Channel" indicates the radio frequency channel, and must be set to the same channel if the module is in the same ZigBee network as other ZigBee modules.

| Channel | 0x00 | 0x01 | 0x0F |
|----------------|------|------|----------|
| Frequency(MHz) | 2405 | 2410 | 2480 |

Note:

In addition, the RF channels 0x04, 0x09, 0x0E or 0x0F are recommended because they do not overlap with frequencies Wi-Fi.



4. "RF Power" denotes the wireless transmit power value.

| Code | Note | |
|------|------------------------------|--|
| 0x0F | Typical Maximum | |
| 0x08 | Fit the CE/FCC certification | |
| 0x00 | Typical Minimum | |

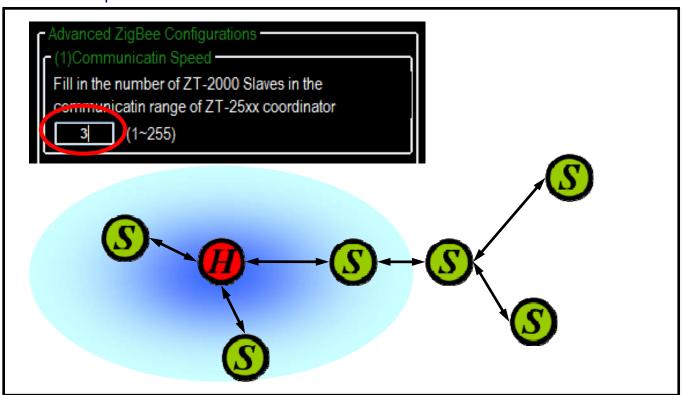
^{**} The parameter adjustment purely personal behavior, ICP DAS can not guarantee to pass CE/FCC certification if adjusting this parameter, nor assume any liability because of the adjustment parameters derived from the RF Power.

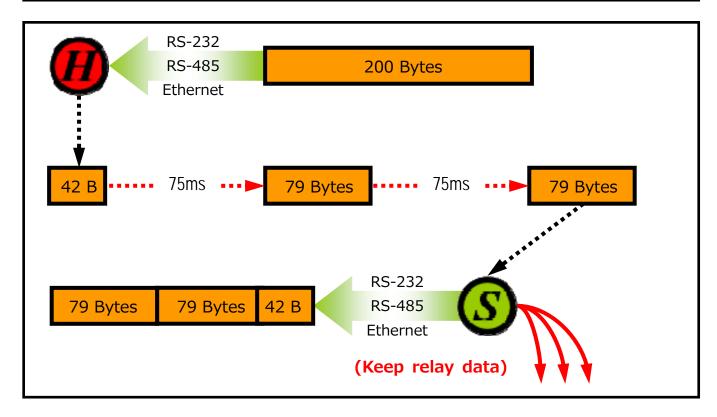
5. "Baud Rate and Data Format" values are based on the configuration of the serial port.

| Item | Specification | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Data Format | N81, O71, E71, N82, O81, E81 or N82 | |
| Baud Rate | 1200 ~ 115200 bps | |

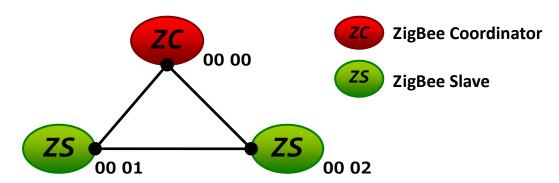
6. Communication Speed (Broadcasting Frame Sending Interval): The packet payload of ZT-2000 series devices is 79 bytes. Data above 79 bytes will be transmitted in several packets. This parameter decides the broadcasting frame sending interval time to avoid the network overloading. User only fills in the number of ZT-2000 slaves nearby the ZigBee Coordinator.

> Example:





7. "Application Mode" can be changed and used for certain specific purpose.



The above schematic diagram is showing what the difference of using different application modes.

a. Transparent Mode is the default application mode, and always transmits data to the remote device via broadcasting. Unless there are specific purposes, the application mode can be retained as default.

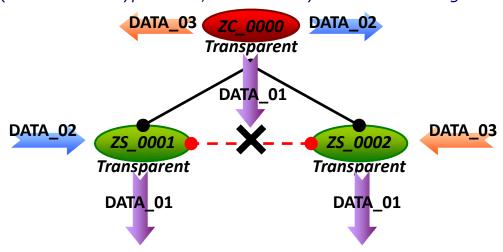
The mode always bypasses data to remote side via broadcasting. If there is no particular purpose, user only keeps this application mode.

| Module | Frame Type | Note |
|---------|------------|---|
| ZT-2550 | Broadcast | Data will be sent to all ZigBee slaves |
| ZT-2551 | Unicast | Data will only be sent to the coordinator |

[Ex1] When ZT-2550 ZigBee Host sends "DATA_01" via broadcasting frame, →Both of the ZigBee slave 0x0001 and 0x0002 will receive the DATA_01. (Note: Broadcasting type frame, data will be sent to every ZigBee slaves in the same ZigBee network)

[Ex2] When the ZigBee slave 0x0001 sends "DATA_02" via unicast frame, →Only ZT-2550 receives DATA_02.

(Note: Unicast type frame, data will only be sent to the ZigBee host)



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b. Addressable Mode is an advanced application mode and it is used to send data to specific ZigBee nodes. It is not only used to transmit data to specific ZigBee slaves from host but also transmit data between ZigBee slaves. A 5-byte ASCII code should be added as an index before the data.

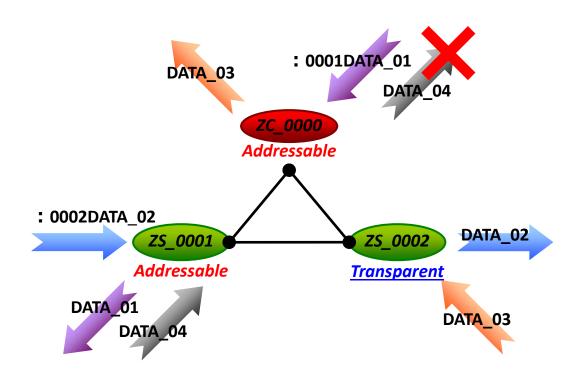
| Module | Frame Type | Note |
|---------|------------|---|
| ZT-2550 | Unicast | Data will be sent to a specific ZigBee slave. |
| ZT-2551 | | Format: ":AAAA" + Data |

[EX1] When ZT-2550 ZigBee Host sends ":0001DATA_01" via unicast frame, →Only the ZigBee Slave 0x0001 receives DATA_01.

(Note: Unicast type frame, data will be only sent to the specific ZigBee node)

[EX2] When ZigBee slave 0x0001 sends ":0002DATA_02" via unicast frame, →Only the ZigBee Slave 0x0002 receives DATA_02.

(Note: Unicast type frame, data will be only sent to the specific ZigBee node)



c. Modbus Gateway Mode is an advanced application mode and it is used to convert the Modbus protocol. But there is only RS-232 and RS-485 interface supported in the ZT-255x device, so the data is always regarded as Modbus RTU format.

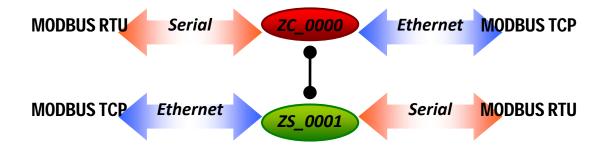
| Module | Frame Type | Note |
|---------|------------|---|
| ZT-2550 | Broadcast | Data will be sent to all ZigBee slaves |
| ZT-2551 | Unicast | Data will only be sent to the coordinator |

[EX1] When ZT-2550/ZT-2570 receives data "MRTU_CMD_01" from serial port, →ZT-2551 will output the data "MRTU_CMD_01" to serial port directly.

[EX2] When ZT-2570 receives data "MTCP_CMD_02" from Ethernet, →ZT-2551 will convert protocol then output "MRTU_CMD_01" to serial port.

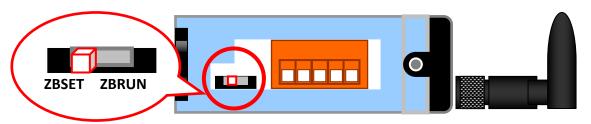
[EX3] When ZT-2551 transmits the acknowledgement "MRTU_ACK_03", \rightarrow ZT-2550/ZT-2570 will response the acknowledgement "MRTU_ACK_03" to serial port directly.

→ZT-2570 will convert protocol then output "MTCP_CMD_01" to Ethernet. (Note: Unicast type frame, data will only be sent to the ZigBee host)

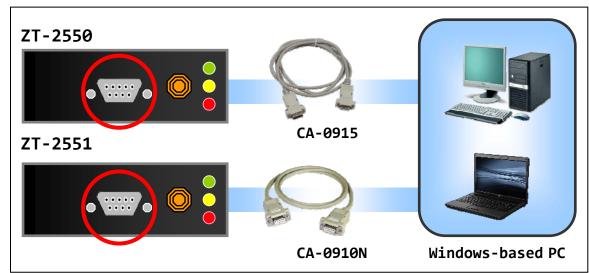


Connecting the Power and Host PC

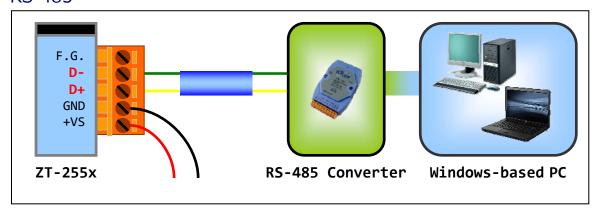
1. Confirm that the DIP switch is set to the "ZBSET" position.



- 2. Connect either the RS-232 or RS-485 interface to configure the ZT-255x.
 - > RS-232



> RS-485



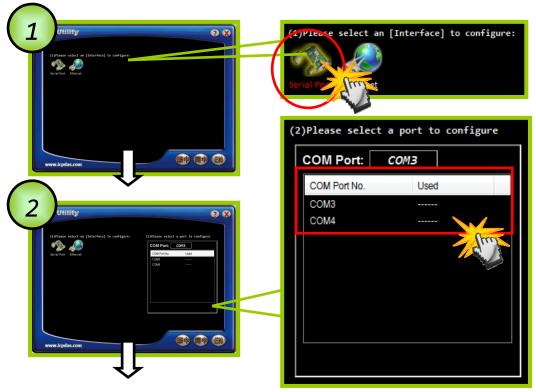
3. Enable the power. It means that the ZT-255x start-up procedure has been completed. If the red LED has changed from blinking to a steady light.

4 Configuring ZigBee Setting

1. Launch the "ZT Configuration Utility" and click the [ZT Series] button



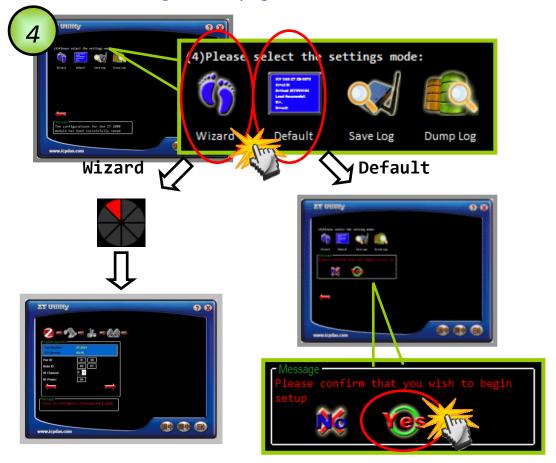
2. Click the [Serial Port] icon and then select the COM Port number.



3. After selecting the COM Port number, a list of model numbers will be displayed. Select the name of the module that you want to configure. After clicking the button, the utility will begin checking the connection.



4. Once a connection is established, select either the [Default] or the [Wizard] function from the settings mode page.



5. Whether you select either the [Default] or the [Wizard] option for performing configuration, both are used to configure the Pan ID, Node ID, RF Channel, RF Power, Baud rate, Data Format, Application Mode and so the relevant parameters.



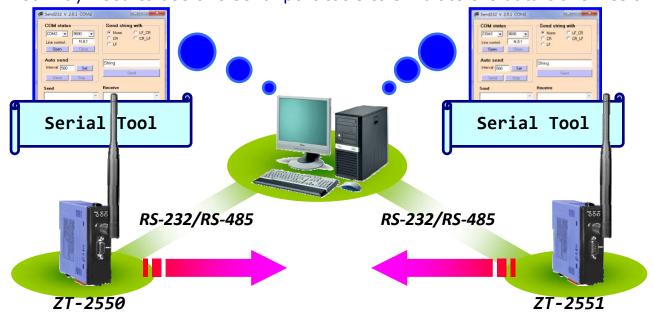
6. Once the module configuration has been completed, the message "The Configuration was successful" will be displayed. Return the DIP switch to the "ZBRUN" position and reboot the ZT-255x device.



5 Testing Communications

Method (1)

Connect both the ZT-2550 and ZT-2551 to the Host PC via the RS-232 port. You may need to use two serial port tools to simulate the data transmission.



Method (2):

Use the DCON Utility on the Host PC to search for ZT-2000 series I/O modules. If there any devices are found, it means that the configuration is correct.



6 Troubleshooting

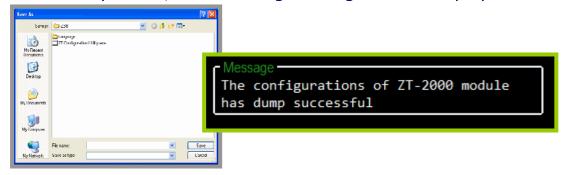
(1) Technical Support.

If you are any difficulties using the ZT-255x module, save the ZigBee configurations using the described below. Please also provide a description of problem and attach file to an email and send it to service@icpdas.com

a. Set the DIP switch of the ZT-255x device to the [ZBSET] position then reboot the device. Launch the ZT Configuration Utility and select [Save Log] icon to save the configuration of ZT-255x as a file.



b. After clicking the [Save Log] icon, enter the "File Name" and "File Path" in the Windows save dialog. Once the configuration has been successfully saved, the following message will be displayed.



(2) LED Indicator Status:

| LED Indicator | Status | Introduction | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| | The status of ZigBee network [ZigBee Coordinator (Host)] | | |
| | Steady Lit ZigBee network is establish | | |
| | Blink to Steady Lit | Rejoin ZigBee network or it has occupied | |
| ZigBee Net | The status of ZigBee network [ZigBee Router (Slave)] | | |
| (Green LED) | Steady Lit | Signal Strength | |
| | Blinking (500 ms) | Signal Available | |
| | Blinking (1s) | Signal Weak | |
| | Blinking (2s) | Signal Terrible or No ZigBee Network | |
| ZigBoo DyD | The status of ZigBee communication | | |
| ZigBee RxD (Yellow LED) | Blinking | Receiving ZigBee data | |
| | Steady Unlit | No ZigBee data received | |
| | The status of module board | | |
| ZigBee PWR (Red LED) | Steady Lit | Power on | |
| | Blinking (200ms) | Module Initialization failure | |
| | Blinking (1s) | Watchdog enabled | |
| | Steady Unlit | Power off | |